



台灣中油股份有限公司

106年僱用人員甄試試題

甄試類別：各類別全

共同科目：國文、英文

—作答注意事項—

- ① 應考人須按編定座位入座，作答前應先檢查答案卡、測驗入場通知書號碼、桌角號碼、應試科目是否相符，如有不同應立即請監試人員處理。使用非本人答案卡作答者，不予計分。
- ② 答案卡須保持清潔完整，請勿折疊、破壞或塗改測驗入場通知書號碼及條碼，亦不得書寫應考人姓名、測驗入場通知書號碼或與答案無關之任何文字或符號。
- ③ 本「試題本」為雙面，共100分，答案卡每人一張，不得要求增補。如有書寫不清、汙損或超出欄位外等情事，致機器掃描後無法清晰呈現作答結果者，其責任由應考人自行負責，不得提出異議。
- ④ 在答案卡上作答，答錯不倒扣；未作答者，不予計分；選擇題限用2B鉛筆劃記，答案要更改時，請用橡皮擦擦拭乾淨，再行作答，切不可留有黑色殘跡，或將答案卡汙損，也切勿使用立可帶或其他修正液。
非選擇題應用藍、黑色原子筆或鋼筆作答，答案要更改時，限用立可帶修正後再行作答，不得使用修正液。
- ⑤ 本項測驗僅得使用簡易型電子計算器（不具任何財務函數、工程函數功能、儲存程式功能），但不得發出聲響；若應考人於測驗時將不符規定之電子計算器放置於桌面或使用，經勸阻無效，仍執意使用者，該節扣10分；該電子計算器並由監試人員保管至該節測驗結束後歸還。
- ⑥ 「答案卡」及「應考人簽到表」務必繳回給監試人員，未繳回者，該節以零分計。
- ⑦ 考試時間：90分鐘。

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第一部分：選擇題（共 35 題，每題1分，共35分）

壹、國文

- (A)1.下列各詞語「」中的字，讀音兩兩相同的選項是：
- (A)「緋」聞不斷／流言「蜚」語 (B)性情急「躁」／個性害「臊」
(C)「陟」罰臧否／山勢「陡」峭 (D)漫遊「迨」／為人「詬」病
- (D)2.下列選項中「」內的字，讀音正確的選項是：
- (A)夢「魘」：一廿、 (B)笑「靨」：一弓、
(C)「饜」饜：厂么、 (D)「饜」足：一弓、
- (D)3.下列各詞語，字形完全正確的選項是：
- (A)按步就班 (B)人才倍出 (C)離鄉背景 (D)趨炎附勢
- (B)4.下列選項中的成語，何者有錯別字？
- (A)被褐懷玉 (B)相形見拙 (C)庸庸碌碌 (D)濫竽充數
- (B)5.關於下列題辭的使用，何者錯誤？
- (A)美輪美奐：賀新居 (B)功著杏林：賀教育界
(C)春秋之筆：賀報社開業 (D)近悅遠來：賀旅館開業
- (D)6.下列各組成語，涵義相近的選項是：
- (A)目不窺園／左顧右盼 (B)狐死首丘／一丘之貉
(C)故步自封／鼎新革故 (D)冬溫夏清／昏定晨省
- (D)7.以下選項，何者屬於六書中的「指事」字？
- (A)看 (B)哀 (C)首 (D)甘
- (A)8.下列文句，何者沒有語病？
- (A)參加奧運競賽的選手，無一不是各國精挑細選的菁英。
(B)猶記得那個細雨濛濛的午後，豆大的雨點淋了我一身溼。
(C)教師和家長的態度，對學生的職業會造成選擇的影響。
(D)家父自律甚嚴，要求極高，沒有一件事是馬虎不得的。
- (D)9.下列文句中「」內的成語，何者使用正確？
- (A)胖虎樂善好施的義行，值得大家「群起效尤」。
(B)大雄如能找到好的讀書方法，讀起書來就能像「緣木求魚」般得心應手。
(C)小夫為了找一雙讓自己滿意的鞋，把這間鞋店的鞋都試穿過了，但「屢試不爽」，沒有一雙是滿意的。
(D)網友提議臺灣設立鞭刑，以遏阻犯罪。如此雖能達到「立竿見影」的效果，但法治教育才是根本之道。
- (B)10.「兩彎似蹙非蹙籠煙眉，一雙似喜非喜含情目。態生兩靨之愁，嬌襲一身之病。淚光點點，嬌喘微微。閑靜時如嬌花照水，行動處似弱柳扶風。心較比干多一竅，病如西子勝三分。」請問這是在描寫哪位女子？
- (A)王昭君 (B)林黛玉 (C)楊貴妃 (D)趙飛燕

- (B)11.下列成語與歷史人物的組合，何者錯誤？
 (A)破釜沉舟：項羽 (B)一字千金：韓信
 (C)東窗事發：秦檜 (D)東床快婿：王羲之
- (A)12.唐代為詩的黃金時代，名家輩出，下列詩人稱號，何者為非？
 (A)詩佛：柳宗元 (B)詩俠：李白 (C)詩聖：杜甫 (D)詩鬼：李賀
- (C)13.下列是常用以指稱年齡的詞語，請選出年齡由小到大的排序：
 (甲)強仕之年 (乙)花信年華 (丙)破瓜之年 (丁)知命之年 (戊)花甲之年
 (A)乙丙丁甲戊 (B)丙甲乙戊丁 (C)丙乙甲丁戊 (D)乙甲丙丁戊
- (D)14.古文裡常有數字相連的情形，且有並列、相乘、相除、相加等關係。下列「」中的數字關係，何者與「三五之夜，明月半牆。」(歸有光〈項脊軒志〉)用法相同？
 (A)吾「十有五」而志於學。(《論語·為政》)
 (B)蓋予之所至，比好遊者尚不能「十一」。(王安石〈遊褒禪山記〉)
 (C)暮春者，春服既成；冠者「五六」人，童子「六七」人。(《論語·先進》)
 (D)見人不斂手，嬌痴「二八」初。(白居易〈秦中吟·議婚〉)
- (C)15.《南華經》為道家重要典籍，應歸入《四庫全書》的哪一部？
 (A)經部 (B)史部 (C)子部 (D)集部
- (B)16.「四大奇書」與「六才子書」均有收錄的著作是哪一本？
 (A)西遊記 (B)水滸傳 (C)紅樓夢 (D)三國演義
- (C)17.「既東『封』鄭，又欲肆其西『封』。」兩個「封」字詞性分別是：
 (A)動詞，動詞 (B)名詞，名詞 (C)動詞，名詞 (D)名詞，動詞
- (D)18.下列何者未使用「激問」修辭法？
 (A)若不闕秦，將焉取之？ (B)為善不積邪，安有不聞者乎？
 (C)覽物之情，得無異乎？ (D)來日綺窗前，寒梅著花未？
- (A)19.下列哪個詞語可用來形容文思敏捷？
 (A)倚馬可待 (B)汗牛充棟 (C)狗尾續貂 (D)韋編三絕
- (B)20.「藉寇兵而齎盜糧」意謂：
 (A)劫富濟貧 (B)倒持太阿 (C)兵馬倥傯 (D)外戶不閉
- (C)21.下列選項中的文句，何者有「因果關係」？
 (A)群賢畢至，少長賢集 (B)花態柳情，山容水意
 (C)草枯鷹眼疾，雪盡馬蹄輕 (D)沙鷗翔集，錦鱗游泳
- (C)22.在現代文壇中，□□□以「璀璨的五采筆」聞名，並自稱為「藝術的多妻主義者」。缺空處應填入何人？
 (A)陳義芝 (B)張曉風 (C)余光中 (D)廖鴻基
- (A)23.「怨不在大，可畏惟人，載舟覆舟，所宜深慎，奔車朽索，豈可忽乎？」(魏徵〈諫太宗十思疏〉)句中「奔車朽索」的意義與下列何者相異？
 (A)暴虎馮河 (B)虎尾春冰 (C)燕巢飛幕 (D)盲人瞎馬
- (B)24.關於「訃聞」用語的使用，下列何者有誤？
 (A)父去世，母親健在，子稱「孤子」。
 (B)對別人稱呼自己已去世母親為「顯考」。
 (C)丈夫去世，妻自稱「未亡人」。
 (D)卒年六十以上稱「享壽」。

- (B)25.「少年人須有老成之識見；老年人須有少年之襟懷。」(《幽夢影》)此段文句的意思與下列何者最相近？
- (A)人無法不老，但要學習讓自己老得更高貴。
 (B)我喜歡有老人般穩重的年輕人，也欣賞有青春血性的老年人。
 (C)奮發當趁少年時，莫待年老徒傷悲。
 (D)在老之前，要努力讓自己年輕過；當老到來，才能覺得不虛此生。
- (A)26.郁永河來台，曾作多首〈竹枝詞〉歌詠台灣風物，其中有「獨榦凌霄不作枝，垂垂青子任紛披；摘來還共萋根嚼，贏得唇間盡染脂」詩句，內容描寫的主題為何？
- (A)檳榔 (B)荔枝 (C)石榴 (D)葡萄
- (B)27.下列「」內的字詞，何者未使用「諧音」修辭？
- (A)選用安全無負擔的橄欖油，是健康新「煮」張。
 (B)喬喬到埃及旅行，自嘲要過兩週的「非」人生活。
 (C)每天運動並控制飲食，才能夠享「瘦」人生。
 (D)各地農會總幹事選舉，常鬧得「賄」聲「賄」影。
- (C)28.由「停車坐愛楓林晚，霜葉紅於二月花。」兩句，可以判斷詩人出遊的季節是：
- (A)春季 (B)夏季 (C)秋季 (D)冬季
- (D)29.魏徵在〈諫太宗十思疏〉裡勸諫唐太宗：「懼滿溢，則思江海而下百川。」亦即希望太宗具備什麼品格？
- (A)不恥下問 (B)廣開言路 (C)體察民意 (D)虛懷若谷
- (C)30.「鞋匠會製作精美的鞋，那是因為除了鞋，他什麼也不會做的緣故。」愛默生的看法與下列何者相同？
- (A)蓬生麻中，不扶而直 (B)積土成山，風雨興焉
 (C)螭蛇無足而飛，梧鼠五技而窮 (D)假舟楫者，非能水也，而絕江河
- (C)31.阿妹想以個人身分向台中市政府租借體育館辦演唱會，進行公務交涉時，應使用何種公文？
- (A)提案 (B)簽 (C)函 (D)報告
- (A)32.蘇軾在〈赤壁賦〉中提到：「蓋將自其變者而觀之，則天地曾不能以一瞬。」符合下列什麼觀點？
- (A)無常 (B)無為 (C)自然 (D)不易
- (A)33.孟子曰：「以不忍人之心，行不忍人之政，治天下可運之掌上。」該一「不忍人之心」就是：
- (A)惻隱之心 (B)羞惡之心 (C)是非之心 (D)辭讓之心
- (D)34.下列有關死亡的成語中，何者用來表示「手足」的過世？
- (A)西河之痛 (B)鼓盆之淒 (C)詩廢蓼莪 (D)雁行失序
- (C)35.人際往來中，往往有謙虛與尊敬的表示。以下詞語何者屬於「謙詞」的用語？
- (A)貴校 (B)閣下 (C)不佞 (D)高就

貳、英文【第36-70題，每題1分，共計35題，佔35分】

一、字彙測驗【請依照句子前後文意，選出最適當的答案】

- (D)36. The _____ of Taiwan is over 23 million. That is to say, there are more than 23million people living here.
- (A)pronunciation (B)pollution (C)promotion (D)population

- (A)37. To avoid cheating, students are not allowed to bring any electronic devices into the exam rooms under any _____.
- (A) circumstances (B) ingredients (C) relationships (D) imaginations
- (C)38. Nowadays, people take _____ of modern cosmetic surgery to enhance their youthful appearance.
- (A) use (B) drawback (C) advantage (D) disadvantage
- (B)39. These laborers were not satisfied with their salaries, so they planned to go on _____.
- (A) revenge (B) strike (C) defense (D) campaign
- (D)40. Scientists _____ that smoking reduces life expectancy by around 12 years on average.
- (A) recommended (B) settled (C) involved (D) estimated

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中，選出最適當的答案】

- (A)41. Losing his parents when he was five and being the oldest child, Michael seems _____ at this young age.
- (A) mature (B) like mature (C) maturity (D) being mature
- (B)42. We _____ from Mr. Murray since he _____ to Mexico last month.
- (A) didn't hear; has gone (B) haven't heard; went
(C) didn't hear; went (D) haven't heard; has been
- (B)43. The teacher couldn't understand _____ the student wrote in the answer sheet.
- (A) that (B) what (C) which (D) about
- (A)44. The more you practice, _____.
- (A) the better performance you will have (B) and you will perform better
(C) you will have better performance (D) so you have better performance
- (D)45. I saw a lot of boys and girls _____ basketball in the rain this morning.
- (A) played (B) to play (C) are playing (D) playing

三、會話測驗【請在下列各題中，選出最適當的答案】

- (C)46. A: How often do you go to see a movie? B: _____ What about you?
- (A) You bet. It sure does. (B) Perhaps for three hours.
(C) At least once a month. (D) In two weeks.
- (B)47. A: I'm sorry that I fell asleep during the baseball game. So, which team won?
B: _____
- (A) What can I do for you? (B) Well, the game ended in a tie.
(C) Look who's talking now? (D) Yes, I like hot chocolate a lot.
- (C)48. A: Check out my new car!
B: Wow! It's so big and fancy. How much was it?
A: _____
- B: I am sure it did. It looks expensive.
- (A) I got a 40% discount. (B) I just bought it yesterday.
(C) It cost me an arm and a leg. (D) It is big enough for six people.

(D)49. A: Have you made your decision about which job offer to accept yet?

B: Well, the banking position pays more, but I am more interested in teaching, so I guess I'll pass up that bank job.

A: I would do the same thing if I were you. _____

B: True, and I would feel happier being a teacher.

(A) I am sorry that you don't really like your current job.

(B) The grass is always greener on the other side of the fence.

(C) I am not satisfied with my current job either.

(D) After all, you can't measure fulfillment in terms of money.

(A)50. Clerk: How may I help you?

Customer: I would like to cash this check.

Clerk: _____

Customer: Here you go.

(A) Please show me your identification. (B) How much do you want to withdraw?

(C) Are you ready to make a wish? (D) Please go ahead.

四、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

Muhammd Yunus was an economics professor when Bangladesh was 51 a terrible famine in 1974. Millions of starving people flocked into the cities and needed food. He decided to do something to help these poor souls. Therefore, 52 his students to the countryside to observe the lives of the poor, he 53 an idea that would change the fate of millions of lives. He offered loans to the women who suffered for a very small debt with unfair condition. Soon, they began saving and were able to pay him back. This improved their living condition a lot.

This small success gave Yunus an idea. He got support from a major government bank to pay for his project and 54 the Grameen Bank. Since then, he 55 to helping the poor. And he'll keep on working for his ideals all his life.

(A)51. (A) suffering from (B) succeeding in (C) searching for (D) going about

(B)52. (A) while he taking (B) while taking (C) as he was taken (D) being taken

(C)53. (A) thought (B) belonged to (C) came up with (D) got rid of

(A)54. (A) founded (B) skipped (C) expected (D) underwent

(B)55. (A) was dedicated (B) has been dedicated (C) had dedicated (D) dedicated

Some scientists have recently found a new species of bacteria that 56 PET, which is a type of plastic used in diverse products. The bacterium is called *I. sakaiensis*, and the researchers claim that it is the first known species that can fully 57 PET. It works by turning PET into another 58 called MHET and subsequently turns that into the basic elements of PET, which can be reused. This is an important discovery because lots of plastic gets dumped in landfills every year. However, there is a downside. *I. sakaiensis* 59 a long time to eat PET. This means the bacterium is not a quick fix to the world's plastic pollution problem, but it shows the problem is 60.

- (A)56. (A) consume (B) conduct (C) conserve (D) condemn
(C)57. (A) break with (B) break into (C) break down (D) break out
(D)58. (A) subject (B) submit (C) substitute (D) substance
(B)59. (A) costs (B) takes (C) makes (D) has
(B)60. (A) solve (B) solvable (C) solving (D) solved

五、閱讀測驗【請在下列各題中，選出最適當的答案】

<第一篇>

Japan's government has supported an initiative to relieve the pressure on Japanese workers and simultaneously boost consumer spending. The new measure is called "Premium Friday." A spokesperson from the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry said the campaign would encourage workers to leave work earlier on the last Friday of each month to relax or go shopping. Around 130 companies across Japan have signed up to participate in the initiative, including many major employers. Skeptics are unsure whether the scheme will succeed or not because of the legendary workaholic nature of Japanese workers. Chief Cabinet Secretary Yoshihide Suga told reporters: "It will take time for Premium Friday to take root."

The idea for Premium Friday was partly prompted by the suicide of an employee who was continually required to work excessive overtime at the ad agency Dentsu. A court ruled the suicide was "death by overwork" and stressed the need to address what is a common problem in Japan - overworking. Japan's Prime Minister Shinzo Abe is leading by example. He promoted the campaign by leaving the office early for a meditation session at a Tokyo temple at 3:30 p.m. Mr. Suga said it was essential for both the government and the private sector to create an atmosphere where workers feel comfortable in leaving early. However, many workers said they would just have to work on Saturdays instead so as to finish their work.

- (D)61. What is the passage mainly about?
(A) How to promote the workaholic nature of Japanese workers.
(B) Japan's new measure that aims to boost consumer spending.
(C) The responsibility that Japan's government should take for "death by overwork."
(D) Japan's attempt to ease the pressure on workers.
- (C)62. According to the passage, how many companies have signed up to Premium Friday?
(A) Exactly 130. (B) No more than 130. (C) About 130. (D) At least 130.

- (A)63. What does the word **Skeptics** in the first paragraph refer to?
- (A) Those who wonder if the government's new measure can take root.
 - (B) Those who encourage workers to leave early.
 - (C) Those who are infamous for workaholic nature.
 - (D) Those who are strongly opposed to the measure of "Premium Friday."
- (B)64. Which of the following does NOT contribute to the Premium Friday scheme?
- (A) A worker's suicide
 - (B) An overtime ban
 - (C) Excessive working hours
 - (D) Death by overwork
- (C)65. What did workers say they would do if they left early on Fridays?
- (A) Getting enough sleep.
 - (B) Having a party on weekends.
 - (C) Working on Saturdays.
 - (D) Finishing their work as scheduled.

<第二篇>

Owner Wanted for Newly Trained Guide Dog

Guide Dog Description:

- (1) A kind of assistance dog specially trained to help visually- impaired people.
- (2) Labrador, three years old, male, just finished one year of training.
- (3) Stable, calm, loyal and well-mannered.

Potential Guide Dog Owners:

- (1) Visually- impaired people.
- (2) People who need the assistance of a guide dog in their daily lives.
- (3) People with a stable income and no psychological problems.
- (4) People willing to take care of their hearing dog and willing to receive training in how to get along with it.
- (5) People who choose to get a guide dog voluntarily, not because their family thinks they need one.

Application Procedure:

- (1) Potential owners should send the application form to the Taiwan Guide Dog Association.
- (2) The association will invite the potential owner for an interview to discuss the details.
- (3) The potential owner and the guide dog will receive training together for about three months at least. The trainer will then decide if the dog and potential owner match each other.

- (B)66. What is this notice about?
- (A) An owner is giving away his guide dog.
 - (B) A newly trained guide dog needs an owner.
 - (C) A blind dog is looking for its owner.
 - (D) An association is looking for a guide dog.
- (C)67. Which is **TRUE** about the guide dog?
- (A) It is one year old.
 - (B) It just finished two years of training.
 - (C) Its breed is Labrador.
 - (D) It can help people with mental problems.

- (A)68. What does a potential owner need to keep a guide dog?
(A) A stable income. (B) A mental disability.
(C) A family. (D) A big house.
- (D)69. According to the notice, which statement is **NOT** true?
(A) The guide dog is male and specially trained.
(B) The guide dog is polite and calm.
(C) The trainer will decide if the owner can have the guide dog.
(D) The potential owner's friend needs to know how to get along with a guide dog before applying.
- (A)70. After the potential owner sends the application form, he or she _____.
(A) will have an interview at the association (B) will have to pay an application fee
(C) will receive training (D) will have to be a volunteer at the association

第二部分：填空題（共10題，每題1.5分，共15分）

壹、國文

- (1) 唐代的小說為具有結構的文言短篇小說，稱為：傳奇。
- (2) 清代桐城派影響古文甚鉅，請問有「桐城三祖」之稱的是：方苞、姚鼐、劉大櫟。
- (3) 中國現存最早的詩文總集是：昭明文選。
- (4) 醉翁之意不在酒，在乎山水之間也。山水之樂，得之心而寓之酒也。〈醉翁亭記〉
- (5) 相見時難別亦難，東風無力百花殘。春蠶到死絲方盡，蠟炬成灰淚始乾。〈無題〉
- (6) 著有《笠山農場》，台灣戰後初期的重要作家，有「倒在血泊裡的筆耕者」之稱的是：鍾理和。
- (7) 《史記》撰著的體例中，專記帝王的部分稱為：本紀。
- (8) 在應用文中，凡稱已歿家族長輩，「家」字應改為先字。
- (9) 一首七言絕句加一首五言律詩，總共有68字。
- (10) 散曲與詞一樣都是長短句，最大的不同在於散曲能添加襯字，使其形式更自由活潑，文字更口語化。

貳、英文【共 10 題，每題 1.5 分，共 15 分】

【第(11)~(17)題：請依照句子前後文意，寫出最適當的英文字彙；第(18)~(20)題為引導式翻譯：請填兩個字的片語】

- (11) Christine applied for admission to many universities, but none of them accepted her.
- (12) The police made crucial progress in the investigation by collecting the testimony of the witnesses.
- (13) Could you take a look at your calendar and tell me what day the Thanksgiving falls on this year?
- (14) May follows a careful budget every month to avoid spending too much money in order to attain her goal of studying abroad one day.
- (15) She has lost her appetite because she has a stomachache. She ate nothing this morning.
- (16) I am sorry that Susan is not in the office for now. Would you like to leave a message?

- (17) Lots of young people today cannot a afford d to buy a house with their current salaries.
- (18) 對大多數的台灣人來說，紅色通常和好事聯想在一起，像是婚禮或新年。
For most Taiwanese, the color red is usually (a) associated with something good, such as a wedding or New Year.
- (19) A: 告示牌上寫什麼呢? B: 上面寫著：「停車限一個小時。」
A: What does the sign say?
B: It says, "Parking is (l) limited to one hour."
- (20) 這棟教堂結果居然是由紙製成的。
This church (t) turned/turns out to be made of paper.

考 答 案